# Responsible management of packaging from Plant Protection Products



# **f**arms

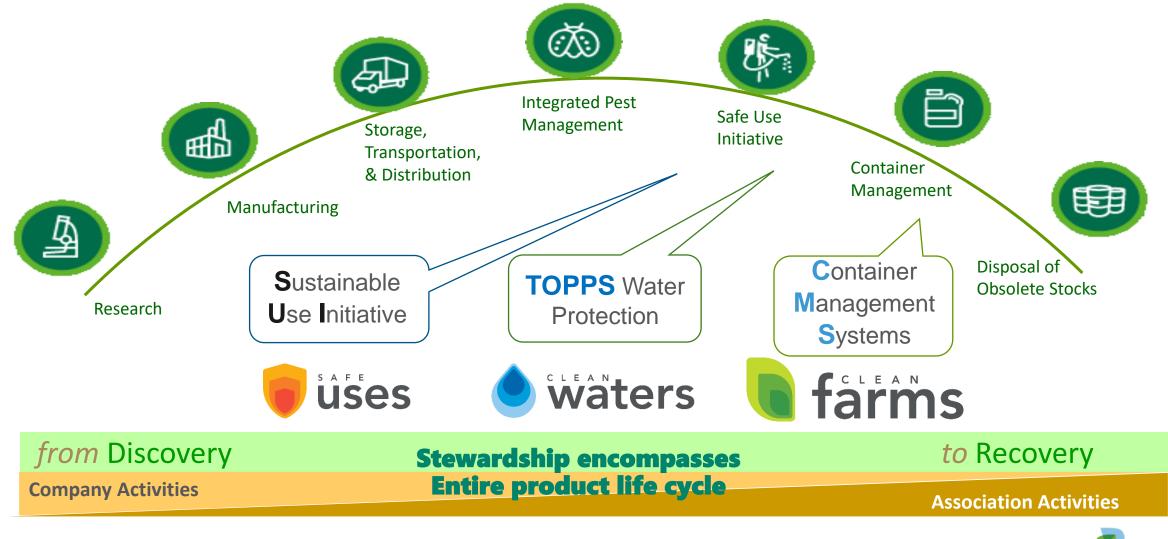
# Report 2023

(CROPLIFE EUROPE CMS WORSKHOP 2024 - ATHENS!)

09/10/2024

## **Industry initiatives for Container Management**

Stewardship Lifecycle for Crop Protection Chemicals





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# **Industry initiatives for Container Management**

### **Objectives & Activities**

#### **Objectives**

- Prevent the production of hazardous waste and the residues exposure for humans and the environment
- Maximise the collection of empty packaging
- Contribute to circular economy by promoting safe recycling of high value material

#### **Key Activities**

- Promote proper container rinsing to minimize residues & risks
- Retrieve empty pesticide packaging from farms via build up of country-specific collection system
- Achieve suitable disposal or recycling end-use







## **Implementation of Container Management Strategies**

**Essential Expectations for sound Container Management Strategy** 

#### Objectives:

- Legal compliance & Preparedness for new legal requirements
- Mitigate risks
- Consistent implementation of collection programmes & Industry's Commitments
- Provide guidance & key principles
- Materials traceability; performance transparency & industry credibility
- Long term industry's licence to operate

Compliance to the industry expectations will be monitored from 2026 onwards



Essential Expectations for the management of packaging for Plant Protection Products (PPP)

- 1) The collection system meets all local and European regulations
- 2) PPP packaging is collected and managed in separate stream for agricultural packaging waste
- 3) Service provided for **all primary PPP packaging** (single-trip; < 25L) and for **all professional users**
- 4) Net costs of the systems are covered following the principle of Extended Producer Responsibility
- 5) Adequate information is provided to users of plant protection products (PPP)

6) **Proper rinsing** of rinseable packaging is ensured, particularly when packaging are collected as non-hazardous waste and/or sent for recycling

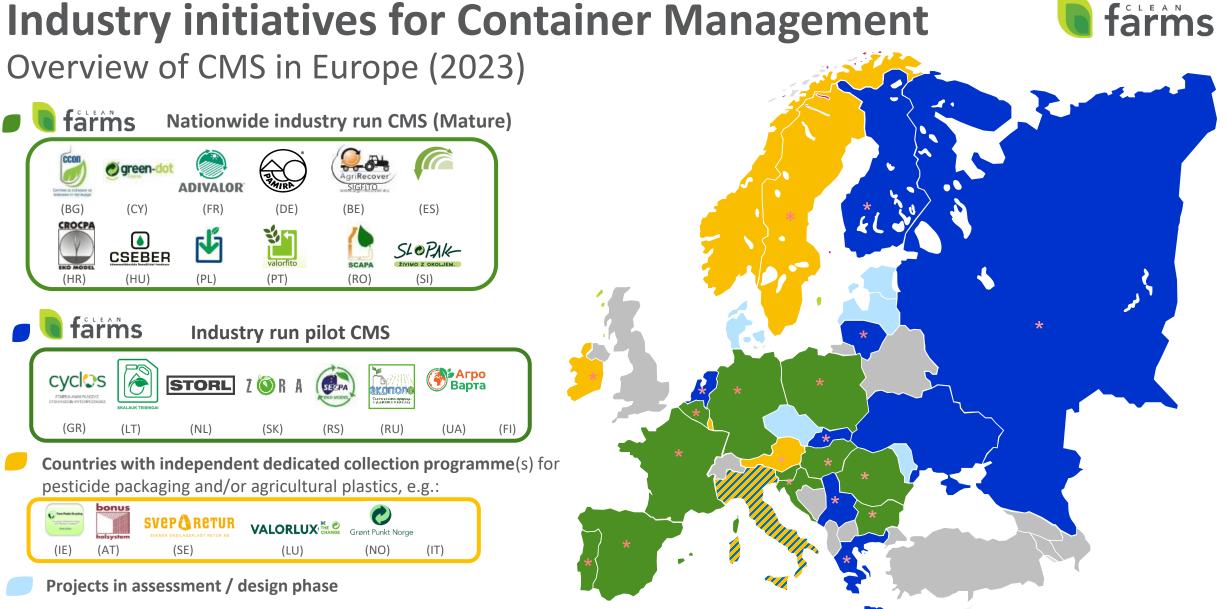
7) **Traceability & monitoring** is ensured from collection to final treatment and types, location and undertakings for **recovery or disposal operations** are known and approved, with **landfilling** considered as not acceptable.

8) End-use applications for the recycled material are selected based on the approved list of CropLife International or a country-specific risk assessment process

9) The implementation of the **industry commitments** is supported, and **maximisation of the collection rate** is pursued

10) An annual performance report is submitted to CropLife International





Countries with no (known) dedicated CMS. Pesticide packaging waste are collected via other collection routes

\* "Countries providing annual statistics to CropLife International on a regular basis. Other countries have occasionally provided <u>partial</u> collection data (e.g. IT, LU).
CMS in Luxembourg has been managed by the EPR organisation Valorlux since 2019 but has not shared data so far. Grønt Punkt Norge in Norway is operating a scheme for agricultural plastics but has no separate data for pesticide packaging. Since 2022, no data are available for Russia and Ukraine.

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### Industry Commitments for Circular Economy

MONITORING OF IMPLEMENTATION IN EU MEMBER STATES - REPORT 2023



### **Industry Commitments for the Circular Economy** Aims and Overall Objectives



**Circular Economy** Establish an average Ensure that a container More recovery (IIII) and plastic container 75% collection rate scheme is available in recycling, of plastic pesticide and all EU Member States with less plastics biopesticide containers by 2025, expanding waste. across FU Member the programme in two additional Member States by 2025. States each year.



With new CMS projects in: Czech Republic; Estonia; Denmark; Latvia; Finland; Ireland; Malta & The Netherlands

News Release 7th September 2020 Europe's crop protection industry makes 2030 Commitments

Pesticide and biopesticide producers come together to make clear commitments to support EU Green Deal

### **2030 Commitments** For the Future of #Ag

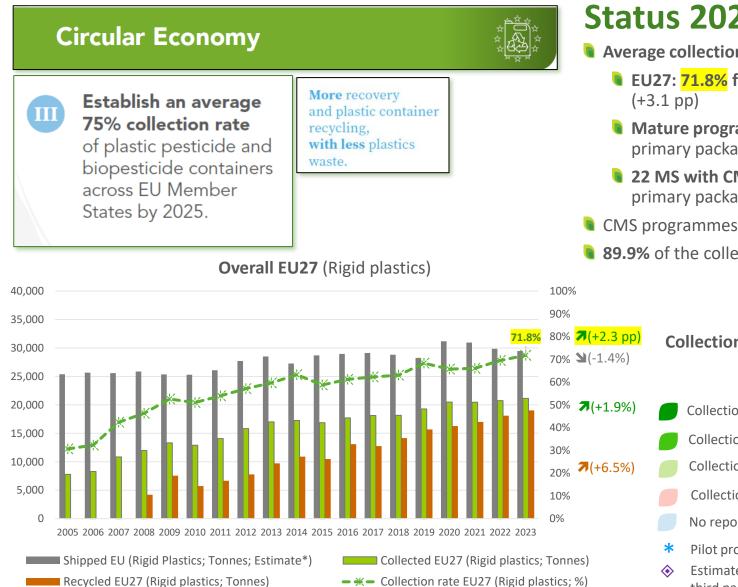


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# **Commitments for Circular Economy**

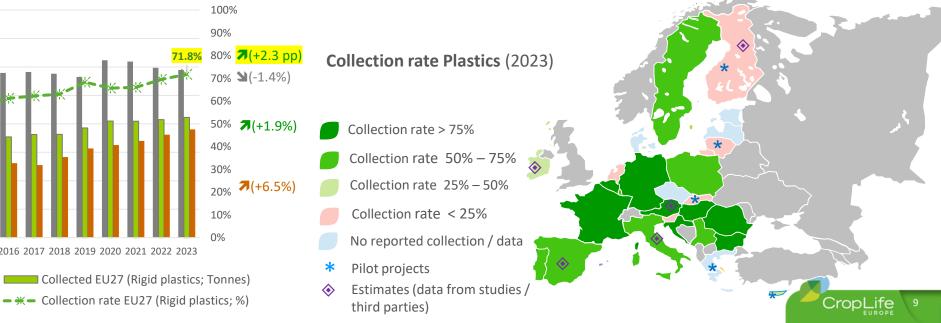


Implementation monitoring



### **Status 2023**

- Average collection performance in 2023:
  - EU27: 71.8% for rigid plastics collected (+2.3 pp); 68.0% for all primary packaging
  - Mature programmes: 83.4% for rigid plastics collected (+2.9 pp); 78.3% for all primary packaging (+3.8 pp)
  - **22 MS with CMS data**: 74.4% for rigid plastics collected (+0.5 pp); 70.2% for all primary packaging (+1.4 pp)
- CMS programmes in 8 Member States have already reached the 75% target for plastics
- **89.9%** of the collected plastics were sent for **recycling** (+2.7 pp)



# **Commitments for Circular Economy**



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Implementation monitoring

#### **Circular Economy**





Ensure that a container scheme is available in all EU Member States by 2025, expanding the programme in two additional Member States each year.



**EU MS with dedicated & monitored CMS programmes in 24 MS** (+3 MS)

- 12 MS with Mature programmes: BE, BG, CY, DE, ES, FR, HR, HU, PL, PT, RO, SI
- **5 MS with Pilot programmes** (+1 vs PY): FI, (GR), LT, NL (new!), SK
- **3 MS with Independent dedicated programmes** with data: AT, IE, SE
- **4 MS with Independent dedicated programmes** without data, yet (only estimates available) (+2 vs PY): IT, LU, EE (new!), LV (new!)

**3 MS without CMS and/or performance monitoring, yet** (-3 vs PY), with project in Design phase: CZ, DK, MT

### **Status 2024**

- e green-dot ADIVALOR (ES) (CY) Ľ SLOPAK CSEBER (HU) (PL) (RO) (HR)
- **Countries with independent dedicated** collection programme(s) for pesticide packaging and/or agricultural plastics (EU):

(IE)	bonu: holsystem (AT)	

- Projects in assessment / design phase
- Countries providing annual statistics to CropLife International on a regular basis. Other countries have occasionally provided partial collection data (e.g. IT, LU)



# **Industry Commitments for the Circular Economy**

### Implementation challenges & the way forward





- Challenges with finding the right CMS strategy in Czech Republic and Malta
- CMS strategy is ready for implementation but required the definitive legal basis in Denmark or change in the regulation in Greece
- Boost the implementation of CMS in countries with new & pilot projects to reach full collection coverage and increase the collection rate toward the 75% targets.
- Important potential for collection increase in countries with **mature programmes** that are below the 75% target!
- The attention on the "Other primary packaging" is still unsatisfactory, with several countries (even some with mature programmes) not collecting the data and/or not providing a collection service for these packaging!
- With 3.7%-points missing to reach the 75% target, we need to collect around +1,400 T/y in EU27 from 2025 onwards; each additional 400 T of rigid plastics collected adds 1%-point towards the 75% target! Every container counts!

### **Container Management Strategies**

Improving the performance of CMS programmes

#### **Boost the collection**

Search for low-hanging fruits

Reach out to all users

Partnerships!

All agri packaging/plastics solution

Use cross-compliance!

Communication! Communication!

#### Improve cost-efficiency & sustainability

Minimize free-riders

Optimize logistic operations

Shared responsibility of the value chain (in-kind contributions)

Induce packaging eco-design

Maximise recycling & recyclates quality

High-value recycling applications (bottle-to-bottle recycling (<u>New!</u>)?)

Data! Monitor, Review & Improve

Carbon footprint (**New!**)?

#### Work on enabling regulations

Separate management of PPP packaging

Mandatory to Rinse, Sort & Return

Take-back obligation

Cross-compliance

Non-hazardous classification

Ban landfilling

Level playing field (EPR, Shared Responsibility)

Clear requirements & targets for EPR schemes – flexibility on the setup





### Best Management Practices

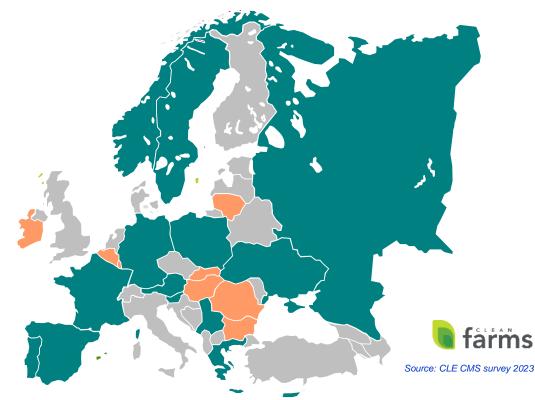
TOOLS FOR THE RESPONSIBLE AND SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF PACKAGING FROM CROP PROTECTION PRODUCTS



# Implementation of Container Management Strategies <a> fairims</a>

Specific local conditions & setup strategies

CMS programmes recognised as compliant EPR scheme

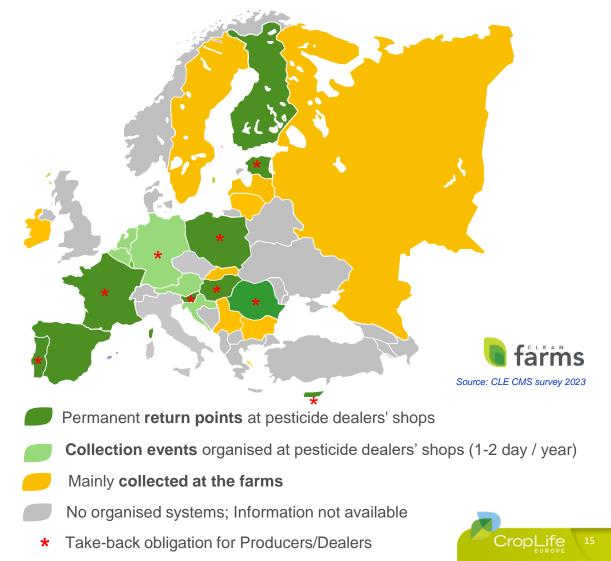


Accredited EPR programmes

Voluntary collection & recovery programmes

Status to be assessed / No EPR obligation on PPP packaging / Information not available

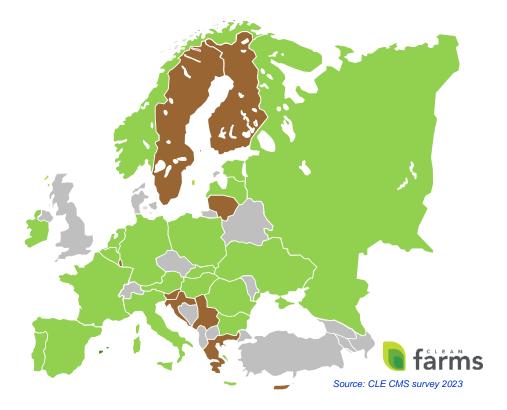
**Collection via sale points** 



# Implementation of Container Management Strategies 🖣 färms

Specific local conditions & setup strategies

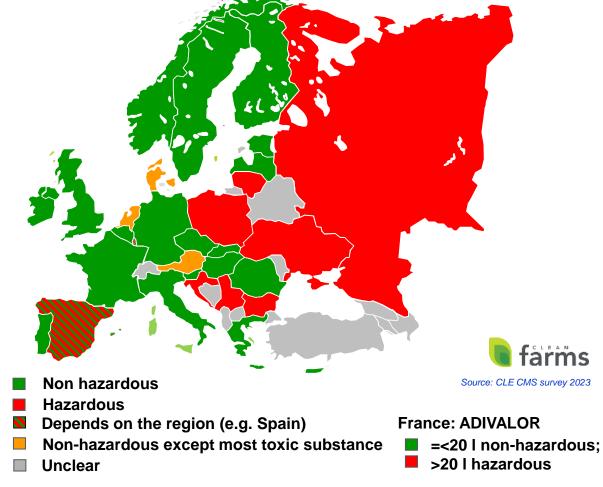
**Country with recycling programme in place** 



Recycling programme in place for rigid plastics (HDPE)

- Incineration with energy recovery
- No info available

**Classification of rinsed PPP packaging waste** 

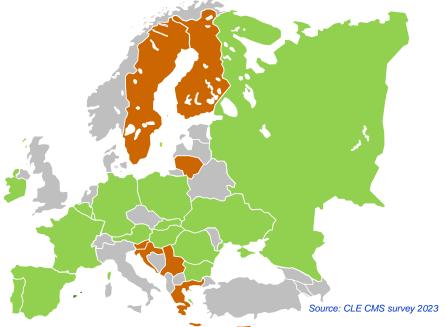


In some countries, CMS programmes / waste operators collect the rinsed containers as hazardous waste, even if the waste regulation would allow non-hazardous classification



#### farms **Implementation of Container Management Strategies** Safe recycling of materials from primary pesticide packaging

Country with **recycling programme** in place



Recycling programme in place for rigid plastics (HDPE)

- Incineration with energy recovery
- No info available



(SCAPA; RO)



Internet protection tube (SCPP; Bulgaria)



(ADIVALOR, France)

Industry's guideline for the safe recycling of plastics (summary):

- ✓ Only **rinsed packaging** should be recycled
- Carefully select and monitor Toll Manufacturer (collectors, reprocessor, recyclers)
- End-use applications for recyclates selected following a risk assessment\*
- $\checkmark$  Ensure no recyclates is used for the **food**, drink, pharmaceutical, toy, furniture, veterinary, pet, clothes & hobby garden sectors!
- ✓ Prefer **outdoor/underground/enclosed industrial** applications
- ✓ **Record & Traceability system** of recycling activities in place

#### Plastic being recycled into unknown or untested end use applications is considered an industry risk!

